



Factoring a Difference of Perfect Squares

Video Notes

[Video Link](#)

Factoring a Difference of Perfect Squares

What background knowledge will I need?

- How to factor a trinomial

Expand:

$$(2x + 5)(2x - 5)$$
$$4x^2 - 10x + 10x - 25$$

The terms $-10x$ and $+10x$ cancel each other out.

$4x^2 - 25 \leftarrow$ Difference of Perfect Squares.

Three conditions for a difference of perfect squares:

- the expression must be a **binomial** (2 terms)
- it must be a **difference** - **subtraction**
- both terms must be **perfect squares**

Factor:

$$\underline{x^2 - 49}$$

↳ no x 's

$$(x + 7)(x - 7)$$

$$(x + 7)(x - 7)$$

3 conditions:

✓ • binomial

✓ • difference - subtraction

✓ • perfect squares

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \boxed{x}$$

$$(x \cdot x = x^2)$$

$$\sqrt{49} = \boxed{7}$$

$$(7 \cdot 7 = 49)$$

Factor:

$$\underline{25x^4 - 36y^6}$$

↳ middle terms to cancel!

$$(5x^2 + 6y^3)(5x^2 - 6y^3)$$

$$-30x^2y^3$$

3 conditions:

✓ • binomial

✓ • difference - subtraction

• perfect squares

$$\sqrt{25x^4} = \boxed{5x^2}$$

$(5x^2 \cdot 5x^2 = 25x^4)$

$$\sqrt{36y^6} = \boxed{6y^3}$$

$(6y^3 \cdot 6y^3 = 36y^6)$

FINAL ANSWER:

$$(5x^2 + 6y^3)(5x^2 - 6y^3)$$

★ Quick Note: To find the square root of a term with an exponent, simply cut the exponent in half.

Factor:

$$x^8 - \underline{16}$$

$$(x^4 + 4)(x^4 - 4)$$

3 conditions:

- binomial
- difference-subtraction
- perfect squares

$$(x^4 + 4)(x^2 + 2)(x^2 - 2)$$

$$\sqrt{x^8} = \underline{x^4}$$

$$\sqrt{16} = \underline{4}$$

$$(x^4 \cdot x^4 = x^8)$$

Non-Example:

$$x^2 + \cancel{9} \rightarrow \text{Not allowed}$$

.. 3 conditions:

- binomial
- difference-subtraction - No!
- perfect squares

Not factorable

Video → Why can't you
factor a sum of
perfect squares?

Non-Example:

$$64x^3 - \underline{100}$$

3 conditions:

- binomial
- difference-subtraction
- perfect squares

$$\cancel{\sqrt{64x^3}}$$

$$\cancel{x^3 - x}$$

$$(8x^2 + 10)(8x - 10)$$

~~80x³~~
~~- 80x²~~

Not factorable.